WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. An audio signal encoding apparatus comprising:

means for adding a first audio signal and a second audio signal into an addition-result signal;

means for subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and generating a subtraction-result signal;

means responsive to the addition-result signal for generating a first difference signal representing a difference in the addition-result signal;

means responsive to the subtraction-result signal for generating a second difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result signal;

a plurality of first predictors having different prediction

15 characteristics respectively and being responsive to the first
difference signal for generating first different prediction signals for
the first difference signal, respectively;

a plurality of first subtracters for generating first predictionerror signals representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively;

means for selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals;

a plurality of second predictors having different prediction

25 characteristics respectively and being responsive to the second

difference signal for generating second different prediction signals

for the second difference signal, respectively;

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a plurality of second subtracters for generating second prediction-error signals representing differences between the second difference signal and the second different prediction signals, respectively; and

means for selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals.

- 10 2. An audio signal encoding apparatus as recited in claim 1, further comprising means for generating a variable-rate bit stream in response to the first minimum prediction-error signal and the second minimum prediction-error signal.
- 15 An audio signal decoding apparatus for processing a first 3. minimum prediction-error signal and a second minimum prediction-error signal which are generated by an audio signal encoding apparatus comprising means for adding a first audio signal and a second audio signal into an addition-result signal; means for 20 subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and generating a subtraction-result signal; means responsive to the addition-result signal for generating a first difference signal representing a difference in the addition-result signal; means responsive to the subtraction-result signal for generating a second 25 difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result signal; a plurality of first predictors having different prediction

characteristics respectively and being responsive to the first difference signal for generating first different prediction signals for the first difference signal, respectively; a plurality of first subtracters for generating first prediction-error signals 5 representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively; means for selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals; a plurality of second predictors having different prediction characteristics 10 respectively and being responsive to the second difference signal for generating second different prediction signals for the second difference signal, respectively; a plurality of second subtracters for generating second prediction-error signals representing differences between the second difference signal and the second different 15 prediction signals, respectively; and means for selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals; the audio signal decoding apparatus comprising:

means for recovering the addition-result signal from the first minimum prediction-error signal;

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means for recovering the subtraction-result signal from the second minimum prediction-error signal; and

means for recovering the first audio signal and the second audio signal from the recovered addition-result signal and the recovered subtraction-result signal.

4. A method comprising the steps of:

adding a first audio signal and a second audio signal into an addition-result signal;

subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and generating a subtraction-result signal;

generating a first difference signal representing a difference in the addition-result signal;

generating a second difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result signal;

generating first different prediction signals for the first difference signal, respectively;

generating first prediction-error signals representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively;

selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals;

generating second different prediction signals for the second difference signal, respectively;

generating second prediction-error signals representing differences between the second difference signal and the second different prediction signals, respectively;

selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals; and

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transmitting the first minimum prediction-error signal and

the second minimum prediction-error signal to a communication line.

An optical recording medium storing formatted information of 5. a first minimum prediction-error signal and a second minimum 5 prediction-error signal which are generated by an audio signal encoding apparatus comprising means for adding a first audio signal and a second audio signal into an addition-result signal; means for subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and 10 generating a subtraction-result signal; means responsive to the addition-result signal for generating a first difference signal representing a difference in the addition-result signal; means responsive to the subtraction-result signal for generating a second difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result 15 signal; a plurality of first predictors having different prediction characteristics respectively and being responsive to the first difference signal for generating first different prediction signals for the first difference signal, respectively; a plurality of first subtracters for generating first prediction-error signals representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively; means for selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals; a plurality of second predictors having different prediction characteristics respectively and being responsive to the second difference signal for generating second different prediction signals for the second

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difference signal, respectively; a plurality of second subtracters for generating second prediction-error signals representing differences between the second difference signal and the second different prediction signals, respectively; and means for selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals.

- 6. A method of network-based transmission, comprising the steps of:
- adding a first audio signal and a second audio signal into an addition-result signal;

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subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and generating a subtraction-result signal;

generating a first difference signal representing a difference 15 in the addition-result signal;

generating a second difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result signal;

generating first different prediction signals for the first difference signal, respectively;

generating first prediction-error signals representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively;

selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals;

generating second different prediction signals for the second

difference signal, respectively;

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generating second prediction-error signals representing differences between the second difference signal and the second different prediction signals, respectively;

selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals; and

transmitting the first minimum prediction-error signal and the second minimum prediction-error signal to a communication line.

7. An audio signal encoding apparatus comprising:

means for selecting a first audio signal and a second audio signal from among signals composing a multi-channel audio signal;

means for adding the first audio signal and the second audio signal into an addition-result signal;

means for subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and generating a subtraction-result signal;

means responsive to the addition-result signal for generating a 20 first difference signal representing a difference in the addition-result signal;

means responsive to the subtraction-result signal for generating a second difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result signal;

a plurality of first predictors having different prediction characteristics respectively and being responsive to the first

difference signal for generating first different prediction signals for the first difference signal, respectively;

a plurality of first subtracters for generating first predictionerror signals representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively;

means for selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals;

a plurality of second predictors having different prediction characteristics respectively and being responsive to the second difference signal for generating second different prediction signals for the second difference signal, respectively;

a plurality of second subtracters for generating second prediction-error signals representing differences between the second difference signal and the second different prediction signals, respectively; and

means for selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals.

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8. An audio signal encoding apparatus as recited in claim 7, further comprising means for generating a variable-rate bit stream in response to the first minimum prediction-error signal and the second minimum prediction-error signal.

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9. An audio signal decoding apparatus for processing a first

minimum prediction-error signal and a second minimum prediction-error signal which are generated by an audio signal encoding apparatus comprising means for selecting a first audio signal and a second audio signal from among signals composing a multi-channel audio signal; means for adding the first audio signal and the second audio signal into an addition-result signal; means for subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and generating a subtraction-result signal; means responsive to the addition-result signal for generating a first difference signal representing a difference in the addition-result signal; means responsive to the subtraction-result signal for generating a second difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result signal; a plurality of first predictors having different prediction characteristics respectively and being responsive to the first difference signal for generating first different prediction signals for the first difference signal, respectively; a plurality of first subtracters for generating first prediction-error signals representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively; means for selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals; a plurality of second predictors having different prediction characteristics respectively and being responsive to the second difference signal for generating second different prediction signals for the second difference signal, respectively; a plurality of second subtracters for generating second prediction-error signals representing differences

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between the second difference signal and the second different prediction signals, respectively; and means for selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals; the audio signal decoding apparatus comprising:

means for recovering the addition-result signal from the first minimum prediction-error signal;

means for recovering the subtraction-result signal from the second minimum prediction-error signal; and

means for recovering the first audio signal and the second audio signal from the recovered addition-result signal and the recovered subtraction-result signal.

10. A method comprising the steps of:

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selecting a first audio signal and a second audio signal from among signals composing a multi-channel audio signal;

adding the first audio signal and the second audio signal into an addition-result signal;

subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and generating a subtraction-result signal;

generating a first difference signal representing a difference in the addition-result signal;

generating a second difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result signal;

generating first different prediction signals for the first difference signal, respectively;

generating first prediction-error signals representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively;

selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals;

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generating second different prediction signals for the second difference signal, respectively;

generating second prediction-error signals representing

10 differences between the second difference signal and the second different prediction signals, respectively;

selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals; and

transmitting the first minimum prediction-error signal and the second minimum prediction-error signal to a communication line.

11. An optical recording medium storing formatted information of a first minimum prediction-error signal and a second minimum prediction-error signal which are generated by an audio signal encoding apparatus comprising means for selecting a first audio signal and a second audio signal from among signals composing a multi-channel audio signal; means for adding the first audio signal and the second audio signal into an addition-result signal; means for subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and

generating a subtraction-result signal; means responsive to the addition-result signal for generating a first difference signal representing a difference in the addition-result signal; means responsive to the subtraction-result signal for generating a second 5 difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result signal; a plurality of first predictors having different prediction characteristics respectively and being responsive to the first difference signal for generating first different prediction signals for the first difference signal, respectively; a plurality of first 10 subtracters for generating first prediction-error signals representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively; means for selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals; a plurality 15 of second predictors having different prediction characteristics respectively and being responsive to the second difference signal for generating second different prediction signals for the second difference signal, respectively; a plurality of second subtracters for generating second prediction-error signals representing differences 20 between the second difference signal and the second different prediction signals, respectively; and means for selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals.

25 12. A method of network-based transmission, comprising the steps of:

selecting a first audio signal and a second audio signal from among signals composing a multi-channel audio signal;

adding the first audio signal and the second audio signal into an addition-result signal;

subtracting the first audio signal from the second audio signal, and generating a subtraction-result signal;

generating a first difference signal representing a difference in the addition-result signal;

generating a second difference signal representing a difference in the subtraction-result signal;

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generating first different prediction signals for the first difference signal, respectively;

generating first prediction-error signals representing differences between the first difference signal and the first different prediction signals, respectively;

selecting a first minimum prediction-error signal representative of a smallest difference from among the first prediction-error signals;

generating second different prediction signals for the second difference signal, respectively;

generating second prediction-error signals representing differences between the second difference signal and the second different prediction signals, respectively;

selecting a second minimum prediction-error signal
representative of a smallest difference from among the second prediction-error signals; and

transmitting the first minimum prediction-error signal and the second minimum prediction-error signal to a communication line.